

【解明ないし推定できたもの】

- KUBARK** = CIA headquarters
- ASCHAM** = Allen DULLES (James Srodes, ALLEN DULLES, Master of Spies, Regnery, Washington DC, 1999, pp.431-432.)
- ODACID** = United States Department of States/U.S. Embassy (米国大使館)
- ODOPAL** = United States Army Counter Intelligence Corps (CIC)
- ODYOKE** = Federal Government of the United States (米国政府)
- POGO** = PO Japanese Government (日本政府)
- POCAPON** = 緒方竹虎 1955年5月29日初出
- PODAM** = 正力松太郎
- PODALTON** = 「(正力)マイクロ波通信網建設支援工作(1953年11月7日)」
- POHALT** = 柴田秀利
- POJACPOT/1** = 正力松太郎 → 「履歴ファイル」冒頭にあり
- POSONNET/1** = 賀屋興宜 → 「履歴ファイル」冒頭にあり。1959年8月6日初出
- SR REP** = senior representative, 具体的には当時のCIA 北アジア地域上級代表

【未解明】

- BABOCM**
- Conweck, POROW** (未解読、緒方竹虎ファイルの1955年「福岡同行記」に登場)
- DYCLAIM** (CIA?)
- DYMACAO** (FBI?)
- IDEN**
- JAMI8**
- JCU** (CIA 東京支局?)
- KAPOK**
- KUJUMP**
- KUTWIN**
- KMCASHIR**
- ODIBEX** (国務省?)
- POYAMA**
- PODIUM**
- PORTICO**
- POPOV** (辰巳栄一・服部卓四郎・河辺虎四郎・有末精三・辻政信ファイルに頻出、児玉誉士夫? 三浦義一? 機関名?)
- POUCH POAIM/12** (和智恒蔵? 和知鷹二?)
- PO?ERPLANT** (一字不鮮明)
- POLESTER/5** (鹿島宗二郎の可能性も?)
- POLUNATE** (内閣調査室?)
- POPALATE** (日本版CIA?)
- STBRANT/1** (麻生達男?)

日本の略称はPOとされていることが、以下の解読リストから分かる。

POAIM-12	Cryptonym for Tsunezo Wachi. (和智恒蔵)
POBULK	Yomiuri newspaper, Japan (読売新聞)
POCAPON	Cryptonym for Taketora Ogata. (緒方竹虎)
PODALTON	Free Japan Broadcast Productions. (自由日本放送)
PODAM	Cryptonym for Matsutaro Shoriki. (正力松太郎)
PODAUB	National Police Agency, Japan. (警察庁)
PODIVA	CIA Station. (CIA日本支局)
POJACKPOT-1	Cryptonym for Matsutaro Shoriki. (正力松太郎)
POLESTAR-5	Cryptonym for Eiichi Tatsumi. (辰巳栄一)
POLUNATE	Cabinet Research Chamber (CRC) of the Japanese Government (内閣調査室)
POSHARK	Cryptonym for Fusanosuke Kuhara. (久原房之助)
POSONNET-1	Cryptonym for Okinori Kaya. (賀屋興宜)

ただし、POとついていても、日本とは関係なさそうな場合もある。

POMONA	Cryptonym for Kurt Reichert.
POPOV, Anton	Alias for Destan Berisha.
Popov, Lt. Col. Petr S.	CIA penetration of the GRU in East Germany.
Poppe, Nikolai	Professor Karl BERGSTROM (pseudonym).

実名の方からコードネームを推定したものも、時に重複して出ている。

Aso. Tatsuo	STBRANT-1, TLBRANT, LFSALAD (cryptonyms).
Shoriki, Matsutaro	POJACKPOT-1 and PODAM (cryptonyms). Associated with KMCASHIER Project.
Tatsumi, Eiichi	POLESTAR-5 (cryptonym).
Wachi, Tsunezo	POAIM-12 (cryptonym).

# CIA日本人ファイル

加藤 哲郎 編集・解説 A4判・上製 総約4,500頁 2014年7月第1回刊行

本資料集は、米国クリントン政権末期の2000年に制定された日本帝国政府情報公開法にもとづき、2007年までに機密解除された戦時・占領期の日本関係資料約10万ページの中から、特に注目度の高い、**米国中央情報局(CIA)**が収集した**日本人31名の個人ファイル**を収録したものである。

この中に、**PODAM**のコードネームを持つ読売新聞社主・正力松太郎が日本のテレビ放送開始や原子力発電の発案に暗躍した役割が見出され、元朝日新聞論説主幹・情報局総裁・緒方竹虎を吉田茂の後継首相にする**POCAPON**工作があったことなどは、すでに報道され、研究が始まっている。本資料集の解読で、「日本の黒い霧」といわれた戦後日本における米国のインテリジェンス活動の実際が、明らかになるであろう。(解読より)

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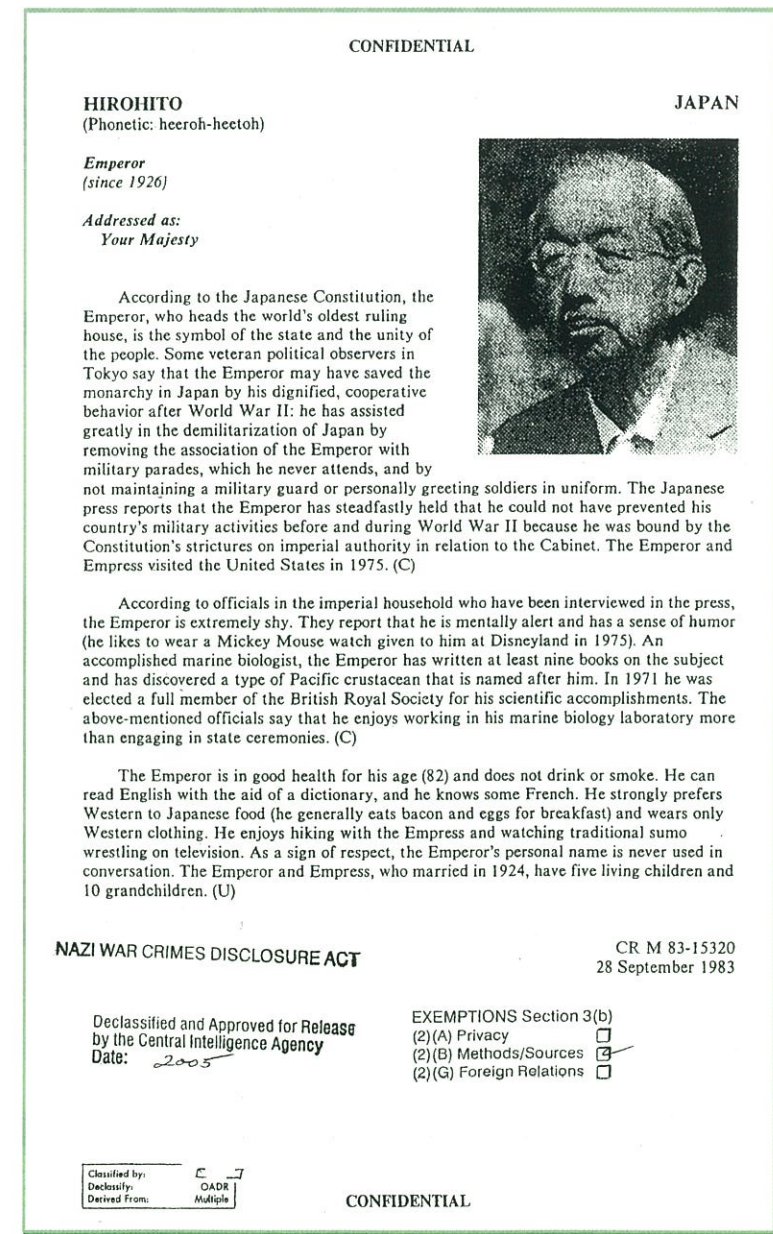
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取扱店



HATTORI Takushiro

服部卓四郎

Early in May 52 HATTORI Takushiro sent a letter to MATSUDAIRA Teigo asking the latter to visit LIU Chih-choo. Shortly after 28 Apr 52, according to MATSUDAIRA Teigo, HATTORI, TSUJI Masanobu, OKAMURA Naoki, SAKAKI DOI Akio, and KASAHARA Tokuo were present at a dinner at the Chinese Nationalist Embassy, by invitation of Lt. Col. LIU Chih-choo of the Embassy. [ ] ZJJ-132, 13 Jun 52, SOE-54851, IV-1.

Through IMOTO Kuneo DOI Akio sent a request to Subject for information and personnel to carry on the work of the Continental Affairs Research Institute. HATTORI had given no evidence of supplying aid by the end of February. [ ] ZJJ-67, 4 Apr 52, CE File III-48.1.

Subject is one of the persons reported as acting as advisers on military affairs to HATAYAMA Ichiro. ZJJ-225, 10 Oct 52. [ ] Dossier.

Born 2 January 1904, TOKYO. (Army Officers' Register, Oct 1944)

See FJJA61028, 17 Jul 53. [ ]

HATTORI Takushiro (2591/6752/0587/0934/6745), former Colonel, headed the HATTORI Kikan which became virtually inactive in 52 due to shortage of funds. Rumors in 52 that relations were strained between HATTORI and AISHI Eiichi, but the two men actually cooperated closely in choosing former military personnel for positions in NSP. (N.C. Strained relations prob stemmed from fact that in 52 HATTORI opposed YOSHIDA gov't plan of using NPR as nucleus for new army. HATTORI believed army should be built around entirely new org. YOSHIDA ordered AISHI to have nothing to do with HATTORI). HATTORI was overtly employed in 52 and early 53 as chief of Materials Regulation Sec of Demobilization Bur. Resigned from this position Mar-Apr 53 and org the Historical Facts Research Institute. (N.C. HATTORI was replaced in Dem Bur by HATA Shiro). The Institute plans to study the rearmament problem and submit findings and conclusions to NSP. (N.C. Institute may receive financial assist from ORC). HATTORI saw he finances institute with money from sale of his writings and money donated by his brother. Friendly relations with many former military men. (See reference) [ ] FJ-446, 10 Dec 53, CE III, 32.7)

HATTORI Takushiro is the leader of a group who, since the beginning of July 1952, have been initiating plans for a coup d'etat. The original plan of the group was to engineer a coup d'etat, including the assassination of PM YOSHIDA on account of his hostile attitude toward expurgees and nationalists. They planned to replace YOSHIDA with HATAYAMA Ichiro. TSUJI Masanobu has persuaded the group that now is not the time for a coup d'etat. He maintains that it is not YOSHIDA who is the prime adversary of the group, and of rightists in general, but rather the Socialist Party. The group is amenable to postponing the coup as long as the Liberal Party remains in power. Ultimately they hope to succeed in having OGATA Taketora made PM once the rightists get into power again. For further info see (ZJJ-239, 31 Oct 52, CE III, 31)

NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

- EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b)
(2)(A) Privacy
(2)(B) Methods/Sources
(2)(G) Foreign Relations

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Date: 2005

●第2巻より(縮小65%)

CIA個人ファイル(CIA Name File)は、ナチス・ドイツ関係と日本帝国関係は区別されておらず、索引はアルファベット順、ボックスは単日一括で作られている。

第一次公開は788人分とされるが、日本人と特定できるのは、

土肥原賢二、今村均、石井四郎、大川周明の4名(各1冊計4冊)ある。

第二次公開は約1,100人分であるが、そこから日本人らしい名前を抽出すると、

秋山博、有末精三、麻生達男、土肥原賢二、遠藤三郎、福見秀雄、五島慶太、服部卓四郎(2冊)、東久邇稔彦、昭和天皇裕仁、今村均、石井四郎、河辺虎四郎、賀屋興宣、岸信介、児玉誉士夫(2冊)、小宮義孝、久原房之助、前田稔、野村吉三郎、緒方竹虎(5冊)、大川周明、小野寺信(2冊)、笹川良一、重光葵、下村定、正力松太郎(3冊)、辰巳栄一、辻政信(3冊)、和知鷹二、和智恒蔵

という31名の個人ファイルが見出される(31名の略歴とファイルの意義については、「解説」(第1巻収録)第4章を参照)。

Executive Registry

11-3418
FE-5720

April 9, 1959

Handwritten signature

The Hon. Mr. Allen W. Dulles
Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Department of Defense
Washington D.C.

Dear Mr. Dulles:

Recalling as I do from time to time my recent visit to America, I must say that it was indeed a pleasure for me to have the opportunity to meet you while I was in Washington. The comments and counsel you so kindly gave me were most interesting and instructive. I value them the more, since I know well that you had a succession of duties claiming your precious time.

Following my visits to London and several other cities in Europe, I arrived back in Japan early in March, and still fresh in my mind are the happy memories I associate with our interview.

Permit me, please, to express my sincere thanks for your kindness in receiving me with such courtesy and cordiality.

With my best regards,

Yours very truly,

Okinori Kaya

Okinori Kaya
Member
House of Representatives

NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

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●第3巻より(縮小60%)

VIA AIR
(Specify Air or Sea Route)

30P
DISPATCH NO. FJBA-8391

SECRET

24 JAN 1959

TO : Chief, FE
FROM : Chief of C I Base, INFO: Chief of Station,
SUBJECT: GENERAL: Operational Reporting
SPECIFIC: POCAPON
REFERENCE: FJEW-3846

- 1. For the answer to most of the questions raised in reference we invite your attention to FJB-2215, dated the same day that reference was prepared. POCAPON did explain what happened. Unfortunately our report of this event was not considered before reference was dispatched.
2. Reference raises, however, other basic questions upon which we desire to comment.
a. In the first place, as reference puts it, "the EUBARK-POCAPON relationship is unusual." We cannot help but wonder if you appreciate how unusual it really is. When we first started seeing POCAPON he was high in his government and we saw him on an official basis, but, of course, kept the meetings as secret as was possible or practicable. In the early days of this relationship, when POCAPON was in a position to do some if not all of the things that EUBARK wanted done in Japan, a more willing cooperator could hardly have been found. Through his support POCAPON was established and the entire basis for the POCAPON project stems from him. All the while he consistently met our requests for information and assistance when such was in his power. We saw him certainly in an official capacity. With his loss of government position he was naturally not in a position to be of the same type and degree of assistance to us, but in our relationships with him since then he has always seemed to us to be completely frank and, as far as we can tell, honest. POCAPON is not obligated to us, as reference points out. On the contrary he takes a real risk politically every time he sees us and we have yet to demonstrate to him whether or not we believe his political future is worth more active support from us. At any rate, in our opinion he has given immeasurably more help to us than he has received.

see destroyed file

DESENSITIZED
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●第6巻より(縮小70%)

多くは戦犯ないしその容疑者だが、東京(極東軍事)裁判の戦犯容疑者と重なるのは12名(前記網掛け分)だけである。

東京(極東軍事)裁判の戦犯容疑者名簿とは異なる原理で注目され、個人資料がファイルされていた。

CIAは軍事ばかりでなく、経済・社会情報、文化戦略を重視し、「日本の親米化」を推進した。